

Community Attitudes and Experiences with Sexual Assault and Misconduct - Survey Report

Spring 2019

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

As part of Indiana University's ongoing and comprehensive commitment to effectively addressing the issue of sexual assault, IU distributed a climate survey on sexual assault and sexual misconduct to students on the Indiana University Northwest (IUN) campus in Spring 2019. IU Northwest's Community Attitudes and Experiences with Sexual Assault and Misconduct Survey asked students about their attitudes, perceptions, and direct experiences with sexual assault and other forms of sexual misconduct, as well as their opinions on university resources and practices related to preventing and responding to instances of sexual misconduct. The information gathered through this anonymous survey and shared in this report has already been, and will continue to be, used to inform the university's ongoing prevention, education, and response efforts and to move us closer to the ultimate goal of eliminating sexual violence that affects our campus community.

While 461 students — approximately 14 percent of the student population — responded to some part of the survey, the results set forth in this report were compiled from the 424 students ("participants") who completed at least 50 percent of the survey, were 18 years or older, were not online-only students, and who self-identified their sex/gender as male or female. This report total represents approximately 13 percent of the total student population on the IU Northwest campus. Of participants whose answers are reported here, 88.9 percent of the survey participants whose answers are reported here were undergraduate students and 11.1 percent were graduate students; 77.8 percent were women and 22.2 percent were men.

Questions in the survey were organized into three different categories: (1) Sexual misconduct experiences (before and since coming to IUN); (2) attitudes, beliefs and educational experiences related to sexual misconduct; and (3) engagement in sexual violence prevention efforts. Having a better understanding of prevalence rates of students' sexual misconduct experiences are critical for informing both prevention and response efforts.

The complete data and summary of key findings can be found in the following report. It should be noted that, as with any voluntary study, the data collected and set forth in this report is reflective only of the participants who responded and participated in the survey. Response bias is expected, given the sensitive nature of the topic and the specific focus on sexual violence. The data cannot therefore be understood to be a complete representation of the experiences of undergraduate and graduate students at Indiana University Northwest. Regardless, we look to this data, and the responses shared by the participants, as important to our understanding of experiences and perceptions.

We are grateful to the students who participated in this survey. The information they shared will continue to be used to inform the work conducted on the IU Northwest campus to prevent and respond to sexual misconduct. For more information about campus resources, policies, and procedures, visit stopsexualviolence.iu.edu.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The following report includes complete findings of Indiana University Northwest's 2019 sexual misconduct campus climate survey, including highlights of the data as well as analyses including tables and graphs noting student participant responses to specific survey questions. The percentages included in the narrative text in the report have been rounded to the nearest whole number. Refer to the tables for exact percentages. Undergraduate women are identified as "UW"; graduate women are identified as "GW"; undergraduate men are identified as "UM"; graduate men are identified as "GM." Participants were given the option to select "I prefer not to answer" in many questions of the survey due to the sensitive nature of the subject matter, and were only asked certain questions based on previous answers, resulting in fluctuating number of responses per question. A complete description of the survey methodology and participant demographics is included in appendices A–B. Tables include the frequencies of responses with

sample sizes (n) included to identify the number of participants who answered questions. In instances where the sample size (n) is less than 10, cells have been masked. If participants saw the displayed question but never answered it or never returned to complete the survey, they were excluded from the sample size (n) reported for each question. The tables labeled with a "q" indicate that the table contains data on participants' responses to open-ended survey questions. Due to time constraints and reporting purposes, only two open-ended questions were coded and included in this report. Participant answers to additional open-ended questions will be utilized to inform prevention and response efforts.

The overall findings are organized into three general sections:

- I. Sexual Misconduct Experiences
- II. Student Attitudes, Beliefs, and Educational Experiences
- III. Engagement in Sexual Violence Prevention

I. Sexual Misconduct Experiences

Participants were asked whether they had personally experienced the following types of sexual misconduct before coming to IUN and since becoming a student at IUN.

Nonconsensual sexual touching: touching that is sexual, such as someone fondled, kissed or rubbed up against the intimate areas of my body—i.e., genitals, breasts, buttocks—without my consent.

Nonconsensual attempted sexual penetration: someone attempted/tried to sexually penetrate me vaginally, or anally with their penis, fingers, or other object without my consent.

Nonconsensual sexual penetration: someone sexually penetrated me vaginally, or ally, or anally with their penis, fingers, or other object without my consent.

Stalking: repeated or continued harassment online and/or in person that made me feel frightened, intimidated, or threatened.

Domestic violence or dating violence: acts of abuse or violence, or threats of violence, in a marital, partnered, intimate, romantic, or familial relationship.

Sexual exploitation: an act or acts committed through non-consensual exploitation of my sexuality for any purpose including sexual gratification, financial gain, personal benefit, or other non-legitimate purposes. Examples include non-consensual sharing of sexual photographs or video, observing another person's sexual activity without consent, etc.

Sexual harassment: unwelcome sexual conduct or behavior that limited or denied my ability to participate in or benefit from my University education or employment.

Key Findings

- ➤ 26 percent of undergraduate men, 37 percent of undergraduate women, and 53 percent of graduate women participants reported experiencing nonconsensual sexual touching *before* coming to IU Northwest. 6 percent of undergraduate men, 13 percent of undergraduate women, and 12 percent of graduate women participants reported experiencing nonconsensual sexual touching *since* coming to IU Northwest.
- > 9 percent of undergraduate men, 8 percent of undergraduate women, and 18 percent of graduate women participants reported experiencing sexual harassment *since* coming to IU Northwest.

> 5 percent of undergraduate men participants and 4 percent of undergraduate women participants reported experiencing nonconsensual penetration (attempted or completed) since coming to IU Northwest. Among graduate women participants, 6 percent reported experiencing nonconsensual penetration (attempted or completed) since coming to IU Northwest.

Sexual Misconduct Experiences Before and Since Coming to IUN

The "n" reported in the tables below indicates the number of participants who responded to the question. For privacy considerations, some cells have been masked (grayed cells) due to the low number of participants who answered the question (less than 10).

Table 4.4a. Did you aymayianaa ayy af tha	UM					UV	٧	
Table 1.1a: Did you experience any of the following: "Yes" (Undergraduate)	Befo	re IU	Sind	ce IU	Before IU		Since IU	
Tollowing. Tes (Ondergraduate)	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n
Non-consensual sexual touching	26.0	73	5.7	70	36.5	249	12.7	244
Non-consensual attempted sexual penetration	5.6	72	5.7	70	23.4	248	4.9	243
Non-consensual sexual penetration	4.2	72	5.7	70	16.2	247	4.5	243
Stalking	18.1	72	5.7	70	29.7	246	8.7	242
Domestic violence or dating violence	15.3	72	8.6	70	24.4	246	6.6	243
Sexual exploitation	6.9	72	1.4	70	16.2	247	2.5	243
Sexual harassment	8.3	72	8.6	70	22.7	247	8.2	243

Table 4.4b. Did associance and of the	GM				GV	V		
Table 1.1b: Did you experience any of the following: "Yes" (Graduate)	Befo	re IU	Sinc	e IU	Before IU		Since IU	
Tollowing. Tes (Graddate)	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n
Non-consensual sexual touching		9		9	52.9	34	12.1	33
Non-consensual attempted sexual penetration		8		9	38.2	34	9.1	33
Non-consensual sexual penetration		9		9	38.2	34	6.1	33
Stalking		9		9	29.4	34	12.1	33
Domestic violence or dating violence		9		9	35.3	34	9.1	33
Sexual exploitation		9		9	11.8	34	6.1	33
Sexual harassment		9		9	38.2	34	18.2	33

Table 1.2: Since coming to IUN, rate of experiencing the following:	%UM (n=83)	% UW (n=294)	% GM (n=11)	% GW (n=36)
Non-consensual attempted sexual penetration or non-consensual sexual penetration	4.8	3.7	0.0	5.6

Participants who reported experiencing non-consensual sexual touching, non-consensual attempted sexual penetration, or non-consensual sexual penetration since coming to IUN, received three additional questions about the most recent incident of each type of misconduct they reported experiencing regarding the other person's association with IUN, the location of the incident, and force, capacity, and consent. For those participants who indicated experiencing domestic or dating v olence, stalking, sexual exploitation, or sexual harassment since coming to IUN, they received two additional questions about the incident of each type of misconduct they reported experiencing regarding the other person's association with IUN and the location of the incident. Individuals who reported experiencing the conduct more than one time were asked to answer questions pertaining to the most recent sexual misconduct experience.

Table 1.3: For those reporting <u>non-consensual sexual touching</u> how is the person(s) who did these things to you associated with IUN?	%UM (n=3)	%UW (n=27)	%GM (n=0)	% GW (n=4)
Not associated with IUN		70.4		
Student		14.8		
University professor or instructor		7.4		
Staff or administrator		3.7		
Other person affiliated with an IUN program (ex., Externship/Internship, clinical placement, study abroad)		7.4		
Don't know the person's association with IUN		7.4		

Table 1.4: For those reporting <u>non-consensual sexual touching</u> , where did the incident occur?	%UM (n=3)	%UW (n=27)	%GM (n=0)	% GW (n=4)
On-campus building		18.5		
On-campus outside		3.7		
Off-campus outside		7.4		
Bar, club, restaurant		11.1		
Off-campus residence (your own or other residence)		44.4		
Other		14.8		

Table 1.5: For those reporting <u>non-consensual sexual touching</u> , did you experience any of the following in connection with this incident? (Select all that apply)	%UM (n=3)	%UW (n=27)	%GM (n=0)	%GW (n=3)
I was forced or threatened with physical force		18.5		
I was unable to consent (e.g., incapacitation due to drugs and/or alcohol, asleep, unconscious)		14.8		
I felt coerced		48.1		
I did not give affirmative consent verbally or otherwise		63.0		
Other		11.1		

Table 1.6: For those reporting non-consensual attempted sexual penetration, how is the person(s) who did these things to you associated with IUN?	%UM (n=4)	% UW (n=11)	%GM (n=0)	%GW (n=3)
Not associated with IUN		81.8		
Student		16.7		
University professor or instructor		0.0		
Staff or administrator		0.0		
Other person affiliated with an IUN program (ex., Externship/Internship, clinical placement, study abroad)		0.0		
Don't know the person's association with IUN		9.1		

Table 1.7: For those reporting <u>non-consensual attempted sexual</u> <u>penetration</u> , where did the incident occur?	% UM (n=4)	%UW (n=11)	%GM (n=0)	%GW (n=3)
On-campus building		9.1		
On-campus outside		0.0		
Off-campus outside		0.0		
Bar, club, restaurant		9.1		
Off-campus residence (your own or other residence)		54.5		
Other		27.3		

Table 1.8: For those reporting non-consensual attempted sexual penetration, did you experience any of the following in connection with this incident? (Select all that apply)	%UM (n=4)	%UW (n=11)	% GM (n=0)	%GW (n=2)
I was forced or threatened with physical force		45.5		
I was unable to consent (e.g., incapacitation due to drugs and/or alcohol, asleep, unconscious)		18.2		
I felt coerced		45.5		
I did not give affirmative consent verbally or otherwise		45.5		
Other		0.0		

Table 1.9: For those reporting <u>non-consensual sexual penetration</u> , how is the person(s) who did these things to you associated with IUN?	% UM (n=4)	%UW (n=10)	%GM (n=0)	% GW (n=2)
Not associated with IUN		80.0		
Student		10.0		
University professor or instructor		0.0		
Staff or administrator		0.0		
Other person affiliated with an IUN program (ex., Externship/Internship, clinical placement, study abroad)		0.0		
Don't know the person's association with IUN		10.0		

Table 1.10: For those reporting <u>non-consensual sexual penetration</u> , where did the incident occur?	%UM (n=4)	%UW (n=10)	%GM (n=0)	%GW (n=2)
On-campus building		10.0		
On-campus outside		0.0		
Off-campus outside		0.0		
Bar, club, restaurant		0.0		
Off-campus residence (your own or other residence)		70.0		
Other		20.0		

Table 1.11: For those reporting <u>non-consensual sexual penetration</u> , did you experience any of the following in connection with this incident?	% UM (n=4)	% UW (n=10)	%GM (n=0)	% GW (n=2)
I was forced or threatened with physical force		40.0		
I was unable to consent (e.g., incapacitation due to drugs and/or alcohol, asleep, unconscious)		10.0		
I felt coerced		30.0		
I did not give affirmative consent verbally or otherwise		50.0		
Other		0.0		

Table 1.12: For those reporting <u>stalking</u> , how is the person(s) who did these things to you associated with IUN?	%UM (n=3)	%UW (n=20)	%GM (n=0)	%GW (n=3)
Not associated with IUN		75.0		
Student		20.0		
University professor or instructor		0.0		
Staff or administrator		5.0		
Other person affiliated with an IUN program (ex., Externship/Internship, clinical placement, study abroad)		5.0		
Don't know the person's association with IUN		0.0		

Table 1.13: For those reporting stalking, where did the incident occur?	%UM (n=4)	%UW (n=20)	%GM (n=0)	%GW (n=3)
On-campus building		10.0		
On-campus outside		5.0		
Off-campus outside		25.0		
Bar, club, restaurant		20.0		
Off-campus residence (your own or other residence)		50.0		
Other		30.0		

Table 1.14: For those reporting <u>domestic violence or dating violence</u> , how is the person(s) who did these things to you associated with IUN?	%UM (n=6)	%UW (n=16)	%GM (n=0)	%GW (n=3)
Not associated with IUN		81.3		
Student		12.5		
University professor or instructor		0.0		
Staff or administrator		0.0		
Other person affiliated with an IUN program (ex., Externship/Internship, clinical placement, study abroad)		0.0		
Don't know the person's association with IUN		6.3		

Table 1.15: For those reporting <u>domestic or dating violence</u> , where did the incident occur?	%UM (n=6)	%UW (n=16)	%GM (n=0)	%GW (n=3)
On-campus building		0.0		
On-campus outside		12.5		
Off-campus outside		0.0		
Bar, club, restaurant		0.0		
Off-campus residence (your own or other residence)		81.3		
Other		6.3		

Table 1.16: For those reporting <u>sexual harassment</u> , how is the person (or the persons) who did these things to you associated with IUN?	%UM (n=6)	% UW (n=17)	%GM (n=0)	%GW (n=5)
Not associated with IUN		76.5		
Student		0.0		
University professor or instructor		5.9		
Staff or administrator		0.0		
Other person affiliated with an IUN program (ex., Externship/Internship, clinical placement, study abroad)		0.0		
Don't know the person's association with IUN		17.6		

Table 1.17: For those reporting <u>sexual harassment</u> , where did the incident occur?	%UM (n=6)	%UW (n=18)	%GM (n=0)	%GW (n=5)
On-campus building		11.1		
On-campus outside		0.0		
Off-campus outside		22.2		
Bar, club, restaurant		11.1		
Off-campus residence (your own or other residence)		38.9		
Other		16.7		

Additional Disclosures about Experiences Since Coming to IUN

The following questions were only answered by those who had previously indicated experiencing some form of sexual misconduct (non-consensual sexual touching, non-consensual attempted sexual penetration, non-consensual sexual penetration, domestic or dating violence, stalking, sexual exploitation, and sexual harassment) since coming to IUN and were willing to share more information about their experience. Participants who had reported experiencing at least one form of sexual misconduct were asked to provide more information about an experience. To maximize responses and information regarding experiences, and to collect information regarding the most common experiences reported to help inform efforts, additional questions about their experience were prioritized in the following order: non-consensual sexual penetration, non-consensual attempted sexual penetration, non-consensual sexual touching, domestic or dating violence, stalking, sexual exploitation, and sexual harassment. The "n" reported in the tables indicates the number of participants who responded to the question. For privacy considerations, some cells have been masked (grayed cells) due to the low number of participants who answered the question (less than 10).

In the following section, unless noted otherwise, participant answers are combined and represent experiences with any type of sexual misconduct since coming to IUN, including non-consensual sexual touching, non-consensual attempted sexual penetration, non-consensual sexual penetration, domestic or dating violence, stalking, sexual exploitation, and sexual harassment.

Table 2.1: Would you be willing to provide additional details about your specific experience?: "YES"	%UM (n=10)	%UW (n=52)	% GM (n=1)	%GW (n=9)
Percentage among participants who responded "yes" to having experienced some form of sexual misconduct since coming to IUN (non-consensual sexual penetration, non-consensual attempted sexual penetration, non-consensual sexual touching, domestic or dating violence, stalking, sexual exploitation, sexual harassment) who were willing to provide more details about their experience	40.0	21.2		

Table 2.2: Year in school that sexual misconduct occurred: (Participants were asked to mark all that apply)	%UM (n=3)	% UW (n=11)	%GM (n=0)	% GW (n=4)
First-year undergraduate		72.7		
Second-year undergraduate		18.2		
Third-year undergraduate		18.2		
Fourth-year undergraduate		9.1		
Fifth-year or more undergraduate		9.1		
Graduate/Professional student		*		
Don't remember		0.0		
I prefer not to answer		0.0		

Table 2.3: Who did you tell about the incident? (Participants were asked to mark all that apply)	% UM (n=3)	% UW (n=11)	%GM (n=0)	% GW (n=4)
Friend(s) not at IU		54.5		
Friend(s) at IU		27.3		
Roommate(s)		0.0		
Spouse		0.0		
Romantic partner(s)		36.4		
Parent(s)		36.4		
Other family member(s)		9.1		
Religious advisor/clergy		0.0		
Mental health counselor		9.1		
Medical provider		0.0		
Community victim advocate/services agency		0.0		
Local police		18.2		
Someone who works at IUN		9.1		
Other		18.2		
I did not tell anyone		27.3		
I prefer not to answer		0.0		

Table 2.4: The gender of the person who perpetrated the sexual misconduct (the assailant):	% UM (n=3)	% UW (n=11)	%GM (n=0)	% GW (n=4)
Man		90.9		
Woman		9.1		
Non-binary		0.0		
Agender		0.0		
Another identity not listed		0.0		
Don't know		0.0		

Table 2.5: What was your relationship to the other person (the assailant)?	%UM (n=3)	% UW (n=11)	%GM (n=0)	% GW (n=4)
Stranger (someone I had never met or seen before)		9.1		
Acquaintance		9.1		
Friend		18.2		
Family member		0.0		
Ex-romantic partner		9.1		
Current romantic partner, not living together		36.4		
Current romantic partner, living together		9.1		
Other		9.1		
I prefer not to answer		0.0		

Table 2.6: If you did not tell anyone at IUN, why? (Participants were asked to mark all that apply)	%UM (n=3)	%UW (n=10)	% GM (n=0)	%GW (n=3)
I felt ashamed/embarrassed		50.0		
It is a private matter—I wanted to deal with it on my own		70.0		
I didn't want the person who did it to get in trouble		30.0		
I feared retribution from the perpetrator/assailant		20.0		
I feared not being believed		50.0		
I thought I would be blamed for what happened		40.0		
I didn't think what happened was serious enough to disclose to others		50.0		
I didn't know how to report on campus		10.0		
I feared that I or another would be punished for infractions or violations (such as underage drinking)		10.0		
I feared others would harass me or react negatively toward me		30.0		
I thought nothing would be done in response		50.0		
I wanted to forget it happened		50.0		
I had other things I needed to focus on and was concerned about (classes, work)		20.0		
I was financially dependent on the perpetrator/assailant		20.0		
I was afraid of losing my relationship with the perpetrator/assailant		20.0		
I was fearful of further violence from the perpetrator/assailant if I told anyone		10.0		
I have children with the perpetrator/assailant		0.0		
Other		30.0		
No experience/I did tell someone		0.0		
I prefer not to answer		0.0		

II. Student Attitudes, Beliefs, and Educational Experiences

Participants were also asked about their feelings of connectedness and support at IUN and their attitudes and beliefs about the University's policies and procedures regarding sexual misconduct. Questions from the Alcohol and Sexual Consent scale were included to measure beliefs pertaining to alcohol use and consent among college students (Ward, Matthews, Weiner, Hogan, & Popson, 2012).

Key Findings

- > 75 percent of undergraduate men, 84 percent of undergraduate women, 91 percent of graduate men and 94 percent of graduate women participants said that they feel valued at IUN.
- > 82 percent of undergraduate men, 90 percent of undergraduate women, 100 percent of graduate men, and 97 percent of graduate women participants said they think staff and administrators are concerned about their welfare.
- > 75 percent of undergraduate men, 86 percent of undergraduate women, 91 percent of graduate men, and 94 percent of graduate women participants reported that they have a good support system on campus.
- > More than 90 percent of all participants feel as though the university would take a report of sexual misconduct seriously.
- > 96 percent of undergraduate men, 91 percent of undergraduate women, 100 percent of graduate men, and 94 percent of graduate women participants reported feeling safe on campus.
- ➤ 68 percent of undergraduate men, 62 percent of undergraduate women, 91 percent of graduate men, and 61 percent of graduate women participants reported feeling safe in the area surrounding campus.
- More than half of all participants reported that they know where to get help if they or someone they know experienced sexual misconduct.
- ➤ 62 percent of undergraduate men, 51 percent of undergraduate women, 70 percent of graduate men, and 53 percent of graduate women participants reported receiving information about what "constitutes" sexual misconduct.

For the response options that used five-point Likert scales such as strongly agree to strongly disagree, very confident to not at all confident, and very likely to not at all likely, the values reflect the sum of the top two categories (such as strongly agree + somewhat agree).

Perceptions of Campus Environment

Table 3.1: Please indicate your level of		M	UW		GM		GW	
agreement with the following statements: (% Strongly agree/Somewhat agree)	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n
I feel valued at IUN	75.3	81	84.0	287	90.9	11	94.4	36
I think faculty, staff, and administrators are genuinely concerned about my welfare	81.5	81	89.5	287	100.0	11	97.2	36
I have a good support system at IUN	74.7	79	86.2	289	90.9	11	94.4	36
I feel safe on this campus	96.3	80	91.3	289	100.0	11	94.4	36
I feel safe in the area surrounding campus	67.9	81	61.8	288	90.9	11	61.1	36
The faculty, staff, and administrators at IUN treat students fairly	86.3	80	89.6	288	100.0	11	91.4	35
IUN officials should do more to protect students from harm	32.1	81	42.2	287	36.4	11	47.2	36

For those participants who stated that they believed IUN officials should do more to protect students from harm, participants were asked what they thought the campus should do. The recommendations referenced most often include improving the police presence and security on campus. Participant responses fell into the following categories:

Table 3.1q: "What should IUN do to protect students from harm?" (openended)	%UM (n=15)	%UW (n=59)	%GM (n=2)	%GW (n=12)
Improve walking/transit safety such as parking lots, lighting	0.0	11.9		25.0
Improve emergency lights/phones	0.0	5.1		0.0
Cameras	20.0	3.4		0.0
Improve police presence, security on campus	26.7	32.2		58.3
Comments about respecting and listening to students, or issues with reporting incidents	0.0	11.9		8.3
Improve counseling	0.0	5.1		8.3
Improve support system for students	13.3	5.1		0.0
Additional or improved training (e.g., self-defense, emergency)	26.7	3.4		0.0
Additional or improved education and awareness	13.3	3.4		0.0
More locks on doors/problems with locked doors on campus	6.7	1.7		0.0
Allow students/faculty/staff to carry weapons	6.7	0.0		0.0
Improve crime alert system	6.7	0.0		0.0
Improve approachability, awareness, and response of security	0.0	5.1		0.0
Improve conditions/security in surrounding neighborhoods and community	0.0	3.4		0.0
Improve oversight of party culture and Greek life	6.7	11.9		8.3
Increase likelihood or severity of consequences for offenders	0.0	6.8		8.3
Improve institutional transparency	6.7	3.4		8.3
Other	0.0	11.9		25.0
Things are in good shape already	0.0	5.1		0.0
I don't know/nothing in particular/NA	20.0	3.4		0.0

Table 3.2: If someone were to report a sexual assault or other sexual violence	UM		UW		GM		GW	
to IUN, how likely is it that: (% Very likely/Somewhat likely)	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n
The university would take the report seriously	96.1	77	91.0	268	100.0	10	100.0	35
The university would take steps to protect the safety of the person making the report	93.5	77	90.3	268	100.0	10	94.1	34
The university would take steps to protect the person making the report from retaliation	92.2	77	89.6	270	100.0	10	91.4	35
The university would take steps to ensure due process and a fair investigation of the accused	89.6	77	90.3	267	90.0	10	94.3	35
The university would take corrective action against the offender found responsible	92.3	78	90.6	266	100.0	10	94.3	35
Students would support the person making the report	85.9	78	90.2	266	100.0	10	94.1	34
The alleged offender(s) or others would retaliate against the person making the report	62.3	77	73.7	266	50.0	10	74.3	35

Table 3.3: Please indicate your level of agreement with the following	%UM	%UW	%GM	% GW
statement: (% Strongly agree/Somewhat agree)	(n=78)	(n=268)	(n=10)	(n=36)
I know where to get help if a friend or I was sexually assaulted or experienced other sexual misconduct	53.8	52.2	80.0	58.3

When asked their thoughts on challenges faced in eliminating sexual misconduct at IU, participants most commonly referenced reporting issues or bias and awareness/education regarding safety and risk.

Table 3.4q: "In your own words, what do you think are the biggest challenges we face in eliminating sexual misconduct at IUN?" (open-ended)	%UM (n=62)	% UW (n=175)	%GM (n=6)	%GW (n=30)
These kinds of things are inevitable, uncertain, or uncontrollable	6.5	7.4		0.0
Changing cultural norms or stigma	17.7	5.7		6.7
University self-interest, bias, lack of transparency.	3.2	4.6		13.3
Reporting issues or bias	12.9	33.7		23.3
Victim blaming, shame, fear	6.5	12.0		6.7
Determining truth, evidence, rumors	6.5	8.0		3.3
Punishment/repercussions issues	1.6	6.3		0.0
Awareness/education regarding safety and risk	16.1	22.9		16.7
Alcohol, drugs, party/hookup culture, Greek life	0.0	0.6		3.3
Environment (urban campus, lack of security)	14.5	9.7		10.0
Lack of diversity/cultural competence/equality	1.6	0.0		3.3
Things are in good shape already	4.8	4.0		3.3
I don't know/nothing in particular/NA	11.3	4.0		13.3
Other	6.5	3.4		10.0

Trainings on Sexual Misconduct, Bystander Intervention, and Campus Resources

The "n" reported in the tables indicates the number of participants who responded to the question. Cells have been masked (grayed cells) due to the low number of participants who answered the question (less than 10).

Table 4.1: Prior to coming to IUN, did you	U	M	UW		GM		GW	
receive any education on the following topics: "YES"	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n
Sexual consent	75.3	73	66.1	248		9	88.2	34
Bystander Intervention	54.8	73	46.4	248		9	52.9	34
Sexually Transmitted Infections and HIV	78.1	73	79.1	249		9	94.1	34
LGBTQ+ Relationships	38.4	73	42.1	247		9	61.8	34
Healthy Relationships	72.6	73	67.5	249		9	79.4	34
Relationship Violence	76.1	71	67.3	248		9	79.4	34

Table 4.2: Are you familiar with the It's On Us campaign?	% UM (n=68)	% UW (n=226)	% GM (n=8)	%GW (n=31)
Yes	7.4	6.2		3.2
No	92.6	93.8		96.8

Table 4.3: Have you participated in any of the following since becoming a student at IUN? (Participants were asked to mark all that apply)	%UM (n=29)	%UW (n=83)	% GM (n=2)	%GW (n=9)
MyStudentBody online educational program	20.7	12.0		
Byron Hurt: Toxic Masculinity or Locker Room Talk?	13.8	2.4		
Christina Hale: Me Too & Time's Up	0.0	4.8		
Clothesline Project	27.6	37.3		
I Am Evidence (video)	3.4	0.0		
Rape Myths on Trial (video)	3.4	0.0		
Red Flag Campaign	0.0	1.2		
Rhiannon Carlson: A Trans Veteran's Perspective	10.3	2.4		
Sex Signals	17.2	3.6		
Sexual Misconduct Listening Sessions	13.8	9.6		
Tea Consent (New Student Orientation)	17.2	26.5		
The Hook-Up	6.9	3.6		
Toxic Relationships, with Fair Haven Center (Student Government Assoc.)	6.9	1.2		
What happens when I report a sexual assault (panel discussion)	3.4	2.4		
Other	17.2	20.5		

Table 4.4: Have you seen or received information from IUN regarding what constitutes sexual misconduct (including sexual assault, stalking, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual exploitation, and/or sexual harassment):	%UM (n=81)	%UW (n=290)	%GM (n=10)	%GW (n=36)
Yes	61.7	51.0	70.0	52.8
No	14.8	24.1	10.0	11.1
Unsure	23.5	24.8	20.0	36.1

Experiences Discussing and Understanding Consent

Table 5.1: Have you ever talked with any of the	U	M	UW		GM		GW	
following about what constitutes sexual consent? "Yes"	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n
Spouse	21.1	71	21.8	239		9	50.0	36
Romantic/Sexual partner	66.7	72	58.0	243		9	69.4	36
Parent(s)/Guardian(s)	48.6	72	47.1	244		9	27.8	36
Sibling(s)	25.0	72	33.1	245		8	30.6	36
Extended family members	24.3	70	27.2	243		9	19.4	36
Friend(s)	61.6	73	69.9	246		9	75.0	36
Teacher/Professor	27.8	72	14.5	242		9	13.9	36
Mentor/Advisor/Coach	27.8	72	13.2	242		9	8.3	36
Medical professional	15.3	72	18.9	243		9	19.4	36
Counselor	19.4	72	13.0	239		9	19.4	36
Other	6.1	66	7.3	219		9	9.1	33

Table 5.2a: In your opinion, please indicate whether or not the following		U	M	GM				
demonstrates consent to sexual activity (Men)	% Yes	% No	%Unsure	n	% Yes	% No	% Unsure	n
Physical resistance to sexual activity	8.3	86.1	5.6	72				9
Verbal resistance to sexual activity	6.8	86.3	6.8	73				9
Currently in a relationship together	12.5	70.8	16.7	72				8
Previous sexual activity together	11.0	75.3	13.7	73				9
Saying "no"	8.2	84.9	6.8	73				9
Nonverbal physical behavior indicating "yes"	41.7	45.8	12.5	72				9
Not saying anything at all	4.2	81.9	13.9	72				9
Verbally agreeing to the sexual activity	90.4	8.2	1.4	73				9
Incapacitated due to alcohol	5.5	87.7	6.8	73				9
Incapacitated due to drugs	5.5	90.4	4.1	73				9
Existence of a previous relationship together	6.8	84.9	8.2	73				9
Asleep or unconscious	4.1	91.8	4.1	73				9
Remaining passive during the sexual activity	13.7	64.4	21.9	73				9

Table 5.2b: In your opinion, please	UW					GW			
indicate whether or not the following demonstrates consent to sexual activity (Women)	%Yes	%No	%Unsure	n	%Yes	%No	%Unsure	n	
Physical resistance to sexual activity	2.8	96.4	0.8	251	8.3	91.7	0.0	36	
Verbal resistance to sexual activity	4.4	94.0	1.6	250	5.6	94.4	0.0	36	
Currently in a relationship together	10.0	82.4	7.6	250	11.1	86.1	2.8	36	
Previous sexual activity together	4.4	91.2	4.4	251	5.6	94.4	0.0	36	
Saying "no"	8.4	89.6	2.0	249	8.3	88.9	2.8	36	
Nonverbal physical behavior indicating "yes"	23.8	61.7	14.5	248	27.8	50.0	22.2	36	
Not saying anything at all	3.2	90.0	6.8	250	5.6	83.3	11.1	36	
Verbally agreeing to the sexual activity	87.6	8.4	4.0	251	94.4	0.0	5.6	36	
Incapacitated due to alcohol	2.0	96.0	2.0	249	2.8	97.2	0.0	36	
Incapacitated due to drugs	1.2	96.4	2.4	249	5.6	94.4	0.0	36	
Existence of a previous relationship together	2.4	93.6	4.0	250	5.6	94.4	0.0	36	
Asleep or unconscious	1.2	98.0	0.8	249	2.8	97.2	0.0	36	
Remaining passive during the sexual activity	6.4	75.9	17.7	249	5.6	75.0	19.4	36	

Perceptions of Alcohol and Consent

Table 6: Please indicate your level of	U	M	U	N	G	M	G	W
agreement with the following statements: (% Strongly agree/Somewhat agree)	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n
The more alcohol a person has consumed, the less able they are to consent to sexual activity.	84.3	70	88.3	230		8	86.7	30
Alcohol or drug use makes a person more vulnerable to sexual assault.	91.4	70	89.6	230		8	80.0	24

III. Engagement in Sexual Misconduct Prevention

Participants were also asked questions about their involvement in sexual misconduct prevention, as well as questions adapted from a bystander efficacy scale to measure the participant's confidence to intervene in certain situations and scenarios related to sexual harassment and potential sexual violence (Banyard, Moynihan, & Plante, 2007).

Key Findings

- ➤ 81 percent of undergraduate men, 72 percent of undergraduate women, and 73 percent of graduate women participants think they can do something about sexual misconduct.
- > 13 percent of undergraduate men, 19 percent of undergraduate women, and 17 percent of graduate women participants think that sexual misconduct is a problem at IUN.
- > 74 percent of undergraduate men, 92 percent of undergraduate women, and 80 percent of graduate women participants think that sexual misconduct is a problem everywhere.
- > 10 percent of undergraduate men, 11 percent of undergraduate women, and 3 percent of graduate women participants said that they had another student tell them they were the victim of assault.
- > 3 percent of undergraduate women and 6 percent of graduate women participants indicated they observed a situation that they think was or could have led to a sexual assault.

Perceptions of Sexual Violence

Table 7.1: Please indicate your level of	U	M	U	UW		M	GW	
agreement with the following statements: (% Strongly agree/Somewhat agree)	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n
I think sexual misconduct is a problem on this campus.	13.0	69	18.5	232		8	16.7	30
I think I can do something about sexual misconduct.	81.4	70	72.4	232		7	73.3	30
I am planning to learn more about the problem of sexual violence on campus.	57.1	70	64.8	230		8	56.7	30
I think sexual misconduct is a problem everywhere.	73.9	69	91.8	231		8	80.0	30

Table 7.2: Have you recently taken part in activities or volunteered your time on projects focused on ending sexual violence on campus or in your community?	%UM (n=69)	%UW (n=227)	%GM (n=8)	%GW (n=30)
Yes	8.7	4.8		10.0
No	85.5	90.7		90.0
I prefer not to answer	5.8	4.4		0.0

Bystander Experiences and Engagement

Table 9: Pystander synarianese	U	UM UW GM		UW GM		M	G	W
Table 8: Bystander experiences	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n
Since becoming a student at IUN, I have had another student tell me that they were the victim of a sexual assault: "Yes"	10.0	70	10.5	239		9	3.2	32
Since becoming a student at IUN, I have observed a situation that I believe was, or could have led to, a sexual assault: "Yes"	0.0	70	2.5	239		9	6.3	32
Since becoming a student at IUN, I have observed a situation that I believe was, or could have led to, a sexual assault: "No"	91.4	70	92.1	239		9	87.5	32
Since becoming a student at IUN, I have observed a situation that I believe was, or could have led to, a sexual assault: "Unsure"	8.6	70	4.2	239		9	6.3	32
Since becoming a student at IUN, I have observed a situation that I believe was, or could have led to, a sexual assault: "I prefer not to answer"	0.0	70	1.3	239		9	0.0	32

Bystander Intervention Confidence

The "n" reported in the tables indicates the number of participants who responded to the question.

Table 9: Please indicate your confidence to	UI	Л	U	W	GM		GW	
(% Very confident/Quite confident)	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n
Express my discomfort if someone makes a joke of a sexual nature about another person or their body	57.4	68	72.5	229		8	73.3	30
Express my discomfort if someone says that rape victims are to blame for being raped	80.9	68	83.3	228		8	93.3	30
Call for help (i.e., call 911) if I hear someone yelling "help"	84.1	69	85.6	229		8	93.3	30
Talk to a friend who I suspect is in a sexually abusive situation	85.3	68	80.4	230		8	90.0	30
Get help and resources for a friend who tells me they have been sexually assaulted	80.9	68	83.4	229		8	96.7	30
Help someone under the influence of alcohol or drugs to get away from a potentially vulnerable situation and to a safe place (e.g., help them to get safely home from a social situation, party, or bar)	88.2	68	83.3	228		8	96.7	30
Tell someone at IUN about information I have that might help in a sexual assault case even if pressured by my peers to stay silent	71.0	69	75.7	230		8	96.7	30
Confront someone who is making excuses for having sex with someone without their consent	82.1	67	72.1	229		8	90.0	30

IV. Implications of Survey Findings

With the results of this survey we can continue to refine our understanding of our students and the extent to which they experience sexual misconduct in their lives before and after coming to IU Northwest. Although the information in these survey results cannot be generalized to represent our entire student population, the data do provide important information to campus leadership that will assist in informing future training and the allocation of resources.

While the participants indicated relatively low rates of student-on-student sexual assault, our students continue to report being victims of sexual harassment, stalking, and domestic and dating violence, to some extent at the hands of other members of the IU Northwest community. Students also indicated the need for more educational and awareness programming and suggested the need for additional mental health resources to help them manage the after-effects of their victimization. Specifically, continued programming around consent and bystander engagement and intervention will help us address these concerns moving forward.

Finally, this survey will continue to help campus leadership as we strive to develop effective sexual assault prevention and awareness programming.

APPENDIX A: SURVEY METHODOLOGY

During the spring 2019 semester, a survey on *Community Attitudes and Experiences with Sexual Assault and Misconduct* was emailed to Indiana University students. Email recruitment of matriculated undergraduate and graduate students was conducted separately for each IU campus. For the IU Bloomington and IUPUI campuses initial email recruitment targeted a random sample of approximately half of the student body not including the School of Medicine, while all other IU regional campuses conducted a census survey of the entire enrolled student body of each individual campus. The Executive Summary of each campus report details numbers of those who received initial recruitment contact messages and those who completed a majority of the survey providing the data reported for each campus.

Recruitment occurred through February and March 2019, with initial recruitment messages sent by the respective campus Provost or Chancellor, and two subsequent emails from senior Student Affairs leadership (e.g., respective campus Dean of Students) encouraging participation. Each recruitment email included information about the importance of the survey and a link. The results presented in the public reports were compiled from participants who completed at least 50 percent of the survey, were age 18 years or older, were not online-only students, and self-identified their sex/gender as male or female. The public reports for IU Bloomington and IUPUI also include data from self-identified transgender participants. Participants were given the option to select "I prefer not to answer" in many questions of the survey due to the sensitive nature of the subject matter, and were only asked certain questions based on previous answers, resulting in the fluctuating number of responses per question.

Data were collected from students identifying as transgender, non-binary, agender, and other gender identities. While collected, we do not report on all aggregate gender identity findings because the number of individuals in these groups was relatively small and doing so might compromise anonymity. For the purposes of the IU Bloomington and IUPUI public reports sample size was sufficient to report a transgender category that included transgender women and transgender men, allowing for some assessment in light of each subgroup being quite small. The data from these groups will be used to help guide the creation of gender-inclusive educational and prevention efforts.

Contact lists of students was generated by University Institutional Research and Reporting. All data was collected over the internet via the Indiana University Center for Survey Research (csr.indiana.edu), a research center of the Office of the Vice Provost for Research (OVPR) at IU Bloomington. The link directed participants to a consent page that contained detailed information about the study, as well as information regarding additional campus resources related to sexual violence. Each survey page also included a banner with a direct link to <u>www.stopsexualviolence.iu.edu</u>, the university's comprehensive site for resources, programming, and policies regarding sexual misconduct and sexual violence. Participants were told the study was on attitudes and experiences with sexual assault and other forms of sexual misconduct, that their responses would remain anonymous to university officials, and that they could end the survey at any time. The total survey contained 95 questions, but participants may have received slightly more or less questions due to the skip logic of the questionnaire. The survey included a page at the end thanking the student for their responses and offering a comprehensive list of resources (e.g., counseling services, medical resources, police department, etc.). If students chose to participate, they were automatically entered for a chance to win a \$50 Amazon gift card, which were awarded shortly after the survey was taken offline. Financial support for the incentives and data analysis was provided by IU. All institutional research procedures were consistent with Human Research Protection Program Policies.

The survey tool and research procedures, based on the tool and procedures used for IU Bloomington in fall 2014, were developed through a collaborative process between faculty, staff, and students. Study procedures were developed with faculty from the Kinsey Institute along with the Center for Survey Research, Office of Institutional Equity, Office for Sexual Violence Prevention and Victim Advocacy at IU Bloomington, Office of Equal Opportunity at IUPUI, and input from key administrators across Indiana University. Campus-specific questions were created with collaboration of campus leaders. The survey tool was based on similar items previously used, current academic literature, and on materials used by other

higher education institutions that have conducted their own campus climate reports on sexual misconduct. Data management and analyses were conducted by the IU Center for Survey Research.

Statistical weights were applied to analyses to facilitate accuracy of entire campus assessment and implementation. Weights were developed based on three demographic variables available from matched institutional records: sex/gender, class level, and race/ethnicity. Prior to calculating weights, University Institutional Research and Reporting (UIRR) examined respondent counts and collaborated with faculty and staff investigators to determine a weighting design. Base weights were calculated as the inverse probability of being selected into the sample for each campus. The weights were then calibrated to population proportions using a method of post-stratification called iterative proportional fitting (a.k.a. raking). Finally, weights were examined for extreme values and, if needed, trimmed prior to appending the weights to the response dataset.

Resources

Given the sensitive nature of the survey, information about campus resources was continuously provided throughout the survey referencing Indiana University's website for information regarding sexual misconduct. Participants were informed about the nature of the survey before consenting to participate, and campus resources were provided to all participants who completed the survey. To report sexual misconduct or learn more about campus resources, policies, and procedures, visit stopsexualviolence.iu.edu.

For contact information for the IU Police Department or medical assistance, please visit: https://stopsexualviolence.iu.edu/help/iun/index.html

For contact information of available confidential resources at IUN, please visit: https://stopsexualviolence.iu.edu/help/confidential_resources.html

To make a report of sexual misconduct or find contact information for the appropriate IUN offices, please visit: https://stopsexualviolence.iu.edu/report/iun/index.html

APPENDIX B: DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS OF SURVEY PARTICIPANTS

Year in School	%UM (n=81)	%UW (n=289)	% GM (n=10)	% GW (n=36)
First-year undergraduate	21.0	30.1	*	*
Second-year undergraduate	24.7	21.8	*	*
Third-year undergraduate	19.8	19.4	*	*
Fourth-year undergraduate	14.8	15.6	*	*
Fifth-year undergraduate	8.6	6.9	*	*
Sixth-year or more undergraduate	8.6	5.9	*	*
Graduate or professional student	2.5	0.3	100.0	100.0
Not seeking a degree	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Ethnicity	%UM (n=83)	%UW (n=294)	% GM (n=11)	%GW (n=36)
Asian	6.0	2.7	0.0	0.0
Black/African American	9.6	10.9	18.2	16.7
Hispanic/Latino	21.7	25.5	9.1	22.2
International	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Multiracial or Other	3.6	3.4	0.0	8.3
White	59.0	56.5	72.7	52.8

Sex Assigned at Birth	%UM (n=83)	%UW (n=294)	% GM (n=11)	%GW (n=35)
Female	2.4	100	9.1	97.1
Male	97.6	0.0	90.9	2.9
Intersex	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Sexual Orientation	%UM (n=81)	%UW (n=292)	% GM (n=11)	%GW (n=36)
Straight / Heterosexual	85.2	84.6	90.9	86.1
Gay / Lesbian	4.9	1.7	0.0	0.0
Bisexual / Pansexual	7.4	11.0	0.0	13.9
Asexual	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Queer	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Questioning or Unsure	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0
Another identity not listed	1.2	0.3	0.0	0.0
Prefer not to answer	1.2	0.3	9.1	0.0

Living Situation	%UM (n=81)	%UW (n=291)	% GM (n=11)	%GW (n=36)
Apartment	9.9	11.3	0.0	16.7
Rented house	8.6	8.2	0.0	16.7
House owned by myself/family/spouse	81.5	79.4	90.9	63.9
Other	0.0	1.0	9.1	2.8

Who do you live with? (Participants were asked to mark all that apply)	%UM (n=81)	%UW (n=291)	% GM (n=11)	%GM (n=36)
Friends/roommates	9.9	2.1	0.0	0.0
Spouse/partner	4.9	13.7	72.7	50.0
Girlfriend or boyfriend	4.9	9.3	0.0	5.6
Parents	75.3	67.7	9.1	13.9
Children	2.5	12.7	27.3	36.1
Other family members	21.0	17.5	18.2	2.8
Other students	0.0	0.7	0.0	2.8
Alone	3.7	2.1	0.0	13.9
Other	1.2	1.0	9.1	2.8

College Athletics (Participants were asked to mark all that apply)	% UM (n=81)	% UW (n=291)	%GM (n=11)	% GW (n=36)
Varsity Athletics	3.7	2.7	0.0	0.0
Club Sports	3.7	2.4	0.0	0.0
Intramural Sports	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
None of the above	92.6	93.5	100.0	100.0

Are you a member of a social fraternity or sorority?	% UM (n=81)	%UW (n=291)	% GM (n=11)	%GW (n=36)
Yes	4.9	3.1	0.0	8.3
No	90.1	95.2	90.9	91.7
I am participating in fraternity/sorority "rush" or recruitment or member intake	1.2	0.7	0.0	0.0
Unsure	3.7	1.0	9.1	0.0

Relationship Status	%UM (n=69)	%UW (n=230)	% GM (n=8)	%GW (n=30)
Single, not dating anyone	44.9	34.8		16.7
Casually dating	10.1	9.1		10.0
In a committed romantic relationship, not living together	26.1	30.9		6.7
In a committed romantic relationship, living together	10.1	13.0		16.7
Married	4.3	10.9		43.3
Separated	1.4	0.9		3.3
Divorced	2.9	0.0		0.0
Other	0.0	0.4		3.3

Is there anyone in your life with whom you feel you can	%UM	%UW	%GM	%GW
really share your private thoughts and feelings?	(n=69)	(n=229)	(n=7)	(n=30)
Yes	79.7	90.8		80.0
No	20.3	9.2		20.0

Health Rating	%UM (n=69)	%UW (n=229)	% GM (n=8)	% GW (n=30)
Excellent	21.7	16.6		10.0
Very good	33.3	34.5		43.3
Good	31.9	32.8		30.0
Fair	8.7	13.5		16.7
Poor	4.3	1.7		0.0
I don't know	0.0	0.9		0.0

APPENDIX C: ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS ASKED

The following questions were also included as part of the survey, but the frequency of responses (n) for each of these questions across all categories (UM, UW, GM, GW) was less than 10. Therefore, no data can be provided in this report for the following questions due to privacy considerations. The questions are represented in bold text; answer options provided to participants follow in parentheses.

Sexual Misconduct Experiences

For the most recent experience of sexual exploitation, how is the person(s) who did these things to you associated with IUN? (Not associated with IUN; Student; University professor or instructor; Staff or administrator; Other person affiliated with an IUN program (ex., Externship/Internship, clinical placement, study abroad); Don't know the person's association with IUN)

For those reporting sexual exploitation, where did the most recent incident occur? (On-campus building; On-campus outside; Off-campus outside; Bar, club, restaurant; Off-campus residence (your own or other residence); Other)

Did you report your sexual harassment incident or seek help at IUN? (Yes; No)

Among those who reported experiencing sexual harassment since coming to IUN: Please indicate the individual(s)/office(s) to whom you reported the incident: (Participants were asked to mark all that apply) (IU Police Department; Deputy Title IX Coordinator; University Title IX Coordinator; Faculty; Staff/Administrators; Dean of Students; Office of Counseling Services; Other; I prefer not to answer)

How helpful were the people you told at IUN in assisting you with the problem (the reported sexual harassment)? (Not at all helpful; Only a little helpful; Somewhat helpful; Very helpful; I prefer not to answer)

If you did not report the incident of sexual harassment to anyone at IUN, why? (Participants were asked to mark all that apply) (I felt ashamed/embarrassed; It is a private matter – I wanted to deal with it on my own; I didn't want the person who did it to get in trouble; I feared retribution from the harasser; I feared not being believed; I thought I would be blamed for what happened; I didn't think what happened was serious enough to disclose to others; I didn't know reporting procedure on campus; I feared others would harass me or react negatively toward me; I thought nothing would be done in response; I wanted to forget it happened; I had other things I needed to focus on (for example classes and work); Other; No experience/I did tell someone; I prefer not to answer)

For those willing to share additional information about their experience with sexual misconduct:

What kind of responses did you receive from those you told or reported to? (Participants were asked to mark all that apply.) (Helped me gather information, or find resources and/or services; Responded in a way that made me feel supported; Responded in a cold or detached way; Connected me with resources; Told others about it without my permission; Doubted me, asked questions to determine if it really happened, or refused to believe me; Blamed me, said I could have done something to prevent it, or asked why I didn't do something to prevent it; Minimized the experience or the importance of what happened; Made excuses for the person who did this to me; Other; I did not receive a response; I prefer not to answer)

At the time, was the other person (the assailant) affiliated with Indiana University? (Yes; No; Don't know)

Was the other person (the assailant) affiliated with a fraternity/sorority? (Yes; No)

Did you seek medical attention after the incident? (Yes; No; I prefer not to answer)

Among those who said they reported sexual misconduct to someone at IUN: Please indicate the individual(s) or office(s) to whom you reported the incident: (Participants were asked to mark all that apply) (IU Police Department; Deputy Title IX Coordinator; University Title IX Coordinator; Faculty; Staff/Administrators; Dean of Students; Office of Counseling Services; Other; I prefer not to answer)

To what extent was IUN helpful in assisting with the problem? (Not at all helpful; Only a little helpful; Somewhat helpful; Very helpful; I prefer not to answer)

For those participants providing additional details about an incident of nonconsensual attempted penetration or non-consensual penetration:

At the time of the incident, did the other person (the assailant) consume alcohol and/or drugs? (Yes; No; Unsure; I prefer not to answer)

Which of the following substances did the other person (the assailant) consume? (Participants were asked to mark all that apply) (Alcohol; Marijuana; Prescription drugs; Other illicit drug; Unsure; I prefer not to answer)

At the time of the incident, had you (the victim) consumed alcohol and/or drugs? (Yes; No; Unsure; I prefer not to answer)

Which of the following substances did you (the victim) consume? (Participants were asked to mark all that apply) (Alcohol; Marijuana; Prescription drugs; Other illicit drug; Unsure; I prefer not to answer)

Do you think someone intentionally gave you alcohol to the point of intoxication for the purpose of sexual contact? (Yes; No; Unsure; I prefer not to answer)

Do you think someone intentionally drugged you for the purpose of sexual contact (e.g., slipped a substance in your drink)? (Yes; No; Unsure; I prefer not to answer)

For those participants providing additional details about an incident of non-consensual sexual touching, non-consensual attempted penetration, or non-consensual penetration:

Did this occur at an event associated with IUN? (Yes; No; I prefer not to answer)

Did this occur at a party/event associated with a fraternity/sorority? (Yes; No; I prefer not to answer)

For those reporting <u>sexual exploitation</u> or <u>sexual harassment</u>, did some of the <u>behavior occur online?</u> (Yes; No)

You previously indicated you experienced sexual exploitation since coming to IUN. Please indicate whether you experienced any of the following: [Sharing of sexual

materials without your permission; Receiving unwanted explicit materials; Peeping; Being watched while engaging in sexual behaviors by a third party without consent; Engaging in sexual behaviors with a person who was knowingly exposing you to sexually transmitted infections; Some other form of sexual exploitation (Yes; No)

For those answering about an incident of sexual exploitation: How has this affected your ...? [Friendships; Romantic/intimate relationships; Academic performance; Mental health; Physical health] (Negatively, Positively; Not at all; I prefer not to answer)

Engagement in Sexual Violence Prevention

When you have witnessed a situation that you believed was, or could have led to, a sexual assault, what did you do? (Participants were asked to mark all that apply) (I stepped in and separated the people involved in the situation; I asked the person who appeared to be at risk if they needed help; I confronted the person who appeared to be causing the situation; I created a distraction to cause one or more of the people to disengage from the situation; I asked others to step in as a group and diffuse the situation; I told someone in a position of authority about the situation; I considered intervening in the situation, but I could not safely take any action; I decided not to take action; Other; I prefer not to answer)

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